

Amendments to the Claims

1. (currently amended): In a communication system receiver, a method of adjusting an outer loop threshold (OLT) for power control comprising:
 - obtaining a frame quality indicator; and
 - obtaining a channel quality metric E_b/N_t ;
 - wherein when the frame quality indicator is equal to a logic zero,
 - obtaining an average E_b/N_t ($avgEbNt$); and
 - using E_b/N_t and $avgEbNt$ to calculate a stepsize used to increase the OLT; wherein the stepsize is calculated using

$$upDelta = baseUpDelta * (Eb/Nt) / avgEbNt$$
 and wherein $baseUpDelta$ is a predetermined scaling factor.
2. (cancelled)
3. (previously presented): The method of claim 1 wherein the OLT is increased using the equation $OLT(n) = OLT(n-1) \times upDelta$.
4. (original): The method of claim 1 wherein the channel quality metric E_b/N_t is calculated using the equation $E_b/N_t = (\sum_{i=1}^N \text{sgn}(Out(i)) \cdot \ln(i))^2 / (\sum_{i=1}^N \ln(i)^2 - (\sum_{i=1}^N \text{sgn}(Out(i)) \cdot \ln(i))^2)$.
5. – 9. (cancelled)
10. (currently amended): In a communication system receiver having a target frame error rate (tFER), a method of adjusting an outer loop threshold (OLT) for power control comprising:
 - obtaining a frame quality indicator;

when when the frame quality indicator is not equal to a logic zero and the frame quality indicator is not equal to a logic one for an adaptively determined amount of consecutive frames, adjusting the OLT according to a comparison of a fadeDepth(i) and a fadeDepth(i-1).

11. (previously presented): The method of claim 10 wherein the OLT is adjusted using the equation $OLT(i) = OLT(i-1) \cdot floatDelta$, when $fadeDepth(i) > fadeDepth(i-1)$; wherein floatDelta is a predefined constant.

12. (previously presented): The method of claim 10 wherein the OLT is adjusted using the equation $OLT(i) = OLT(i-1) / floatDelta$, when $fadeDepth(i) < fadeDepth(i-1)$; wherein floatDelta is a predefined constant.